OPHTHALMOLOGY REFERRAL GUIDE FOR GPS

A guidebook to support general practitioners in the management and referral of a range of common eye problems.



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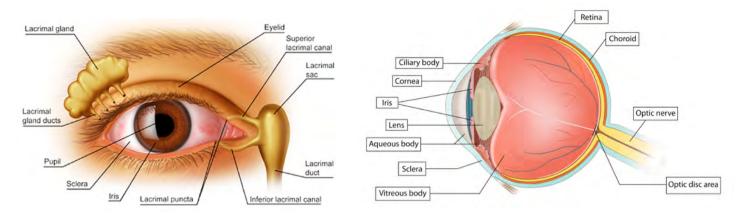
INTRODUCTION

SO is committed to provide continuing educational and advisory support to GPs who are the primary health care providers.

The Ophthalmology Referral Guide for GPs is a simple guidebook to provide a quick reference for GPs in Malaysia in diagnosis and managing simple eye cases.

It stipulates the urgency and timing of referral of the eye cases, including the referral algorithm for the two leading causes of irreversible blindness - Diabetic Retinopathy and Glaucoma.

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Schematic diagram of the human eye

OPHTHALMIC WORKUP

A. HISTORY

Taking a good history is key to diagnosis

Important points:

- Symptoms point to likely cause of the disease
- History of Trauma
- Previous ocular history and medications
- Previous eye surgery
- Contact lens wear
- Always consider the systemic condition and medications

Note: If the patient has one good precious eye, It is advisable to refer to an ophthalmologist for review

B. EYE EXAMINATION

Equipment to keep at hand in the clinic:

- 1. Visual Acuity Chart eg. Snellen
- 2. Good light source eg. Powerful torch
- 3. Cotton bud to evert eyelids
- 4. Eye pads and tape
- 5. Direct Ophthalmoscope to visualise the fundus
- 6. Magnifying glass or simple magnifying loupes to visualise the anterior structures of the eye
- 7. Local anaesthetic drops in cases of chemical injury eg. Amethocaine, Lignocaine

Picture Source: Google





C OCULAR DRUGS FOR USE IN GP CLINIC

Local Anaesthetic

Local anaesthetic drops are used as an aid for eye examination. They are also useful in improving patient comfort for eye irrigation procedure for chemical injury.

Basic Antibiotic

For treatment of acute bacterial infection of lids, conjunctiva and cornea. Available in both drops and ointment preparation. Usage is qid (4 times a day) for 1 week unless directed by an ophthalmologist Common preparations: Chloramphenicol 0.5% drops or 1.0% ointment Ciprofloxacin drops Polymyxin B sulphate drops or ointment Tobramycin drops or ointment Fucithalmic

Antiviral

The most common viral infection requires ophthalmology specialist care is Herpes Simplex Keratitis. Common Preparation: Acyclovir (Zovirax) ointment – 5x a day

Ocular Lubricants

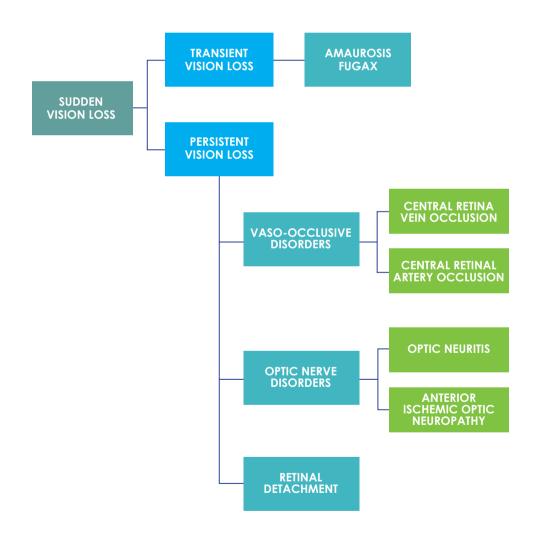
Treatment for dry eyes. Available in drops or gels (longer effect but may temporarily blur vision); and with or without preservatives Common preparations: Hypomellose drops or gel eg. Genteal, Tears Naturale, Refresh, Sodium Hyaluronate eg. Optive Glycerol eg. Cationorm OptiveCarbomer eg. Polygel, viscotears Soft paraffin and lanolin eg. Lacrilube

Steroid Drops

Steroids should only be used on the advice of the consulting ophthalmologist.

ACUTE VISUAL LOSS

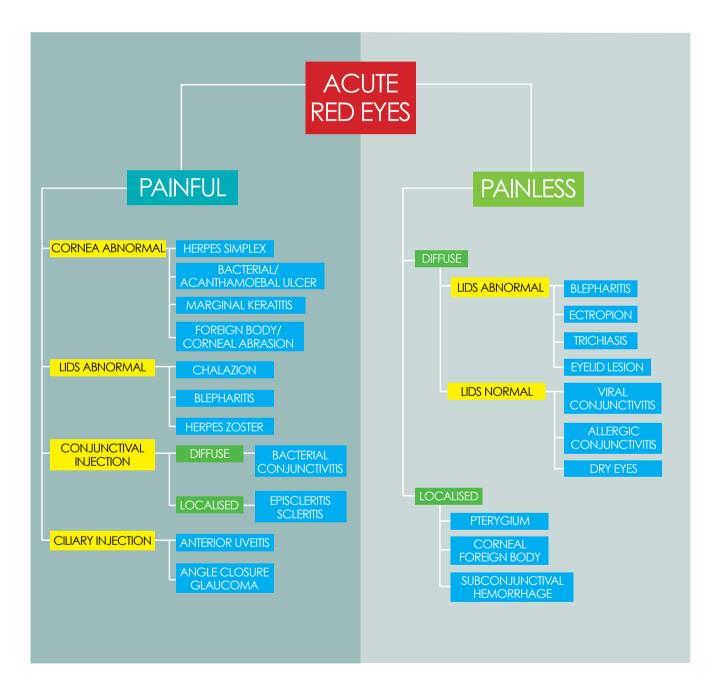
ALL PRESENTATIONS OF SUDDEN PERSISTENT LOSS OF VISION REQUIRE AN URGENT OPHTHALMOLOGY REFERRAL



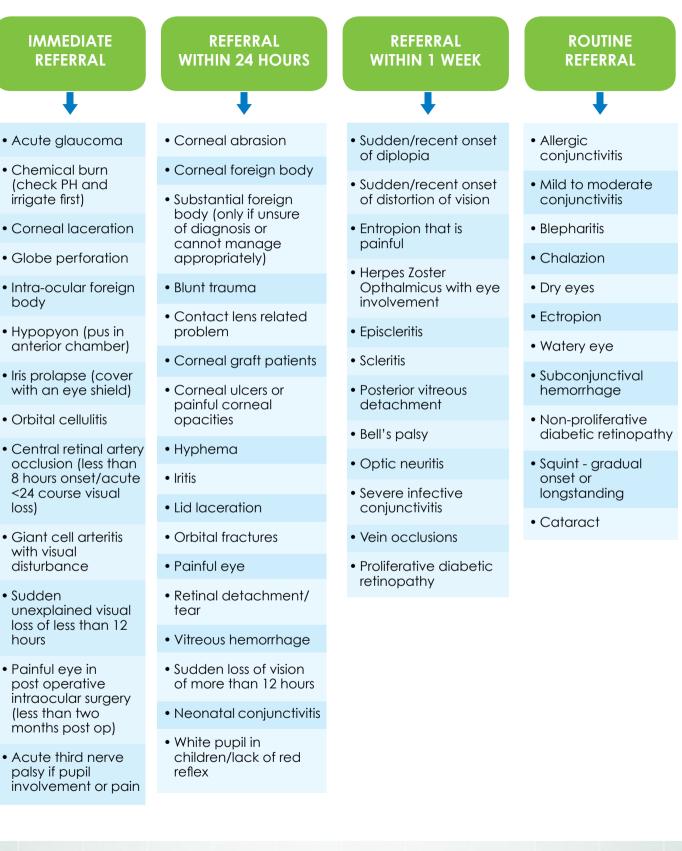
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ACUTE RED EYES

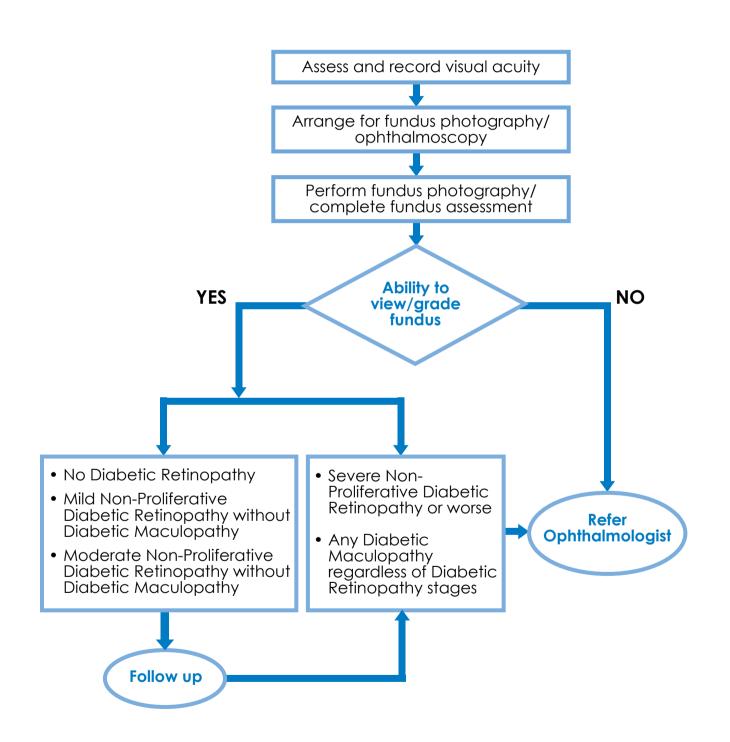
There are many conditions that can lead to a patient presenting with a red eye. A useful distinguishing feature is whether the condition is painful or painless. ***Beware of making the diagnosis of monocular conjunctivitis until more serious eye diseases are excluded.



WHEN TO REFER TO THE OPHTHALMOLOGIST?



REFERRAL ALGORITHM FOR DIABETICS



REFERRAL ALGORITHM FOR GLAUCOMA

1- Risk Assessment

- High IOP
- Family history of glaucoma
- Age more than 40
- High myopia or hyperopia
- Steroid use
- Diabetes
- Ocular inflammatory disease
- Trauma

2 - Clinical Examination

- IOP by i-Care
- Direct Ophthalmoscopy
 - Cup-disc ratio
 - Disc Hemorrhage

OPTOMETRIST

• Fundus picture

• IOP measurement

OPHTHALMOLOGIST

• MILD cases can be handled by General Ophthalmologist

• SEVERE cases should be referred to GLAUCOMA SPECIALIST

REFERENCES

Common Eye Condition Management Moorfields Eye Hospital NHS Foundation Trust

Eye Emergency Manual: An Illustrated Guide

New South Wales Department of Health

Clinical Practice Guidelines: Screening of Diabetic Retinopathy 2011 Ministry of Health, Malaysia